

REAGENTS LEAD TETRAACETATE

(FOR B.Sc.part-1II (Hons))

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Deptt of Chemistry

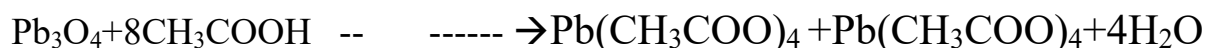
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Molecular formula of lead tetraacetate is given below



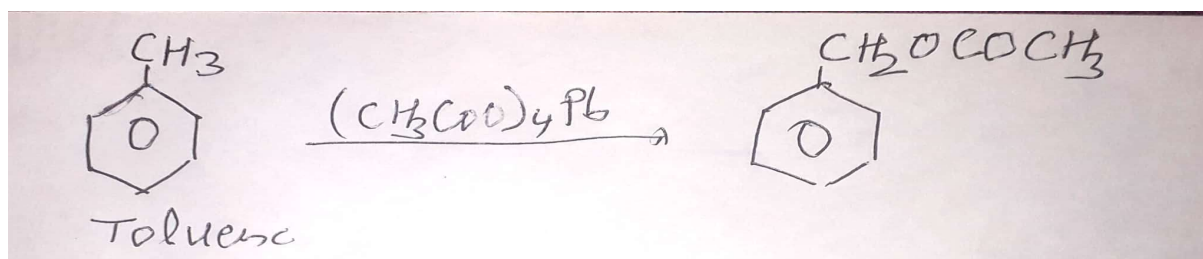
METHOD OF PREPARATION

When the mixture of acetic acid and acetic anhydride is heated with red lead oxide at 328 K- 353 K we get solution of lead tetraacetate which upon crystallization gives crystals of lead tetraacetate.

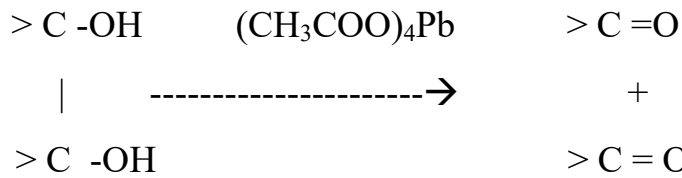


APPLICATION :--LEAD tetraacetate is widely used as oxidising agent , as methylating agent and acetoxyating agent .some of them are mentioned below :-

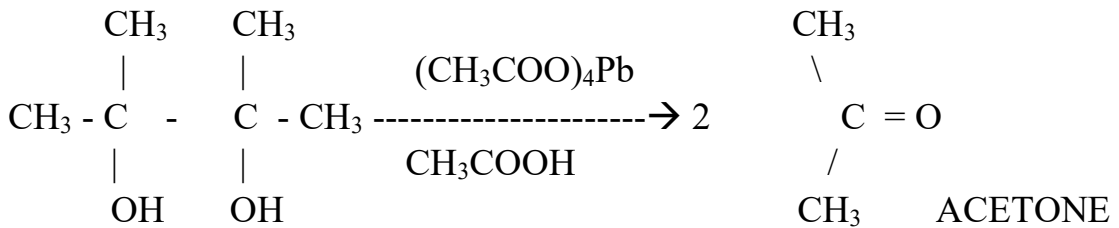
- (1)(a) When toluene is treated with lead tetraacetate we get benzyl acetate as oxidising product.



- (b) Lead tetra acetate oxidises α -glycols into ketones. Here vicinal hydroxyl gr. Undergo fission of the C-C bond between the hydroxylated carbon atoms. Eg

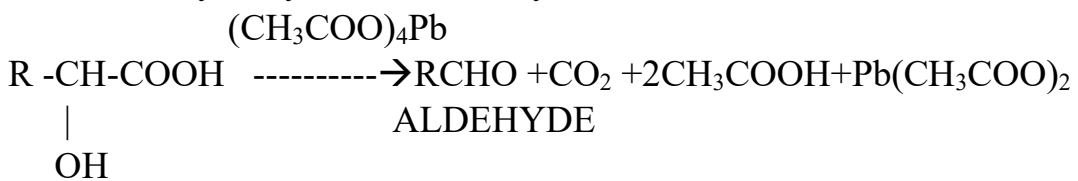


Eg pinacol with lead tetraacetate gives acetone



Eg,

It oxidizes α -hydroxy acid into aldehyde



② As acetoxylation agent
 Lead Tetra Acetate is widely used for the introduction of Acetoxy (OCOCH_3) group to active methylene group and hydrocarbon.

Eg.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{CH}_3 - \overset{\text{O}}{\parallel} - \text{CH}_3 & \xrightarrow{(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_4\text{Pb}} & \text{CH}_3\text{COO} - \text{CH}_2\text{COCH}_3 + \\
 \text{Acetone} & & \text{CH}_3\text{CO} - \text{O} - \text{CH}_2\text{COCH}_2\text{OCOCH}_3
 \end{array}$$

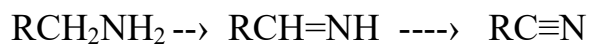
$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{CH}_3 - \overset{\text{O}}{\parallel} - \text{CH}_2 - \overset{\text{O}}{\parallel} - \text{OC}_2\text{H}_5 & \xrightarrow[\text{Benzene}]{(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_4\text{Pb}} & \text{CH}_3 - \overset{\text{O}}{\parallel} - \overset{\text{OCOCH}_3}{\text{CH}} - \text{COOC}_2\text{H}_5 \\
 \text{Ethyl-Acetoacetate} & &
 \end{array}$$

③ As methylating agent
 On heating lead tetraacetate gives methyl groups ($-\text{CH}_3$)

Eg.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{NO}_2 & \text{H} & \text{NO}_2 \\
 | & | & | \\
 \text{C}_6\text{H}_2 & \xrightarrow[\Delta]{(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_4\text{Pb}} & \text{C}_6\text{H}_2 \\
 | & & | \\
 \text{NO}_2 & & \text{NO}_2 \\
 \text{2,4,6-Trinitrobenzene} & & \text{2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene}
 \end{array}$$

(4) In 1966 Mihailovic recently used this reagent to oxidise primary amine having an alpha methylene gr into cyanide.



#####THANKS#####

(4)